

rules. Nine days later, on May 2, plaintiff again was charged for abusive language, interfering with staff, and disobedience. After the May 2, charges, plaintiff was placed in SA cell #3, which gave rise to the instant action.

Plaintiff argues that the portions of Baca's declaration discussing disciplinary charges entered against plaintiff on April 23, 2006, should be stricken because they are improper character evidence pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 404(b). (Doc. #262). Defendants respond that this evidence is not offered to establish plaintiff's character, but rather, to show that plaintiff's deteriorating behavior and eroding responsiveness to authority gave defendants an innocent reason to move plaintiff to SA cell #3. (Doc. #270).

Here, the April 23, 2006, charges are not being used to prove plaintiff's character "in order to show that on a particular occasion the person acted in accordance with the character." FED. R. EVID. 404(b). Instead, this evidence is being used to illustrate the events leading up to the May 2, 2006, move to SA cell #3. As offered by the defendants, this evidence is not improper pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 404(b).

Second, plaintiff moves to strike Baca's statement that he believed plaintiff was provided a mattress while confined to SA cell #3. Plaintiff argues that Baca cannot testify with personal knowledge that plaintiff had a mattress while he was confined to SA cell #3. Thus, this statement should be stricken from the declaration. (Doc. #262).

In response, defendants state that to prove his deliberate indifference claim, plaintiff must prove that Baca had a "sufficiently culpable state of mind." (Doc. #270, citing *Farmer v. Brennan*, 511 U.S. 825, 834 (1994)). Baca's knowledge and belief about the conditions of confinement are a necessary element of plaintiff's claims. Accordingly, Baca's belief that plaintiff had a mattress is a defense to plaintiff's claims. (Doc. #270).

Baca's state of mind is an element of plaintiff's deliberate indifference claim. *See Farmer*, 511 U.S. at 834. Therefore, Baca's statement about his state of mind is material and admissible.

Accordingly,

. . .

Ca	se 3:18-cv-00033-MMD-WGC Document 277 Filed 04/06/12 Page 3 of 3
1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that <i>pro se</i> plaintiff Christopher
2	A. Jones' motion to strike (doc. #262) be, and the same hereby is, DENIED.
3	DATED April 6, 2012.
4	5717B5 74pm 0, 2012.
5	Xellus C. Mahan
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
ın ıdge	- 3 -

James C. Mahan U.S. District Judge